

2018 WL 2028830

Supreme Court,

Appellate Division, Second Department, New York.

The PEOPLE, etc., respondent,

v.

William RODRIGUEZ, appellant.

2013-05041

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(Ind. No. 7111/11)

|

Argued—January 16, 2018

|

May 2, 2018

Attorneys and Law Firms

[Seymour W. James, Jr.](#), New York, N.Y. ([David Crow](#) of counsel), for appellant.

[Eric Gonzalez](#), District Attorney, Brooklyn, N.Y. ([Leonard Joblove](#), [Sholom J. Twersky](#), and [Rebecca L. Visgaitis](#) of counsel), for respondent.

[ALAN D. SCHEINKMAN](#), P.J., [MARK C. DILLON](#), [SYLVIA O. HINDS-RADIX](#), [LINDA CHRISTOPHER](#), JJ.

DECISION & ORDER

*1 Appeal by the defendant from a judgment of the Supreme Court, Kings County (Wayne Ozzi, J.), rendered May 1, 2013, convicting him of criminal possession of a weapon in the second degree, upon a jury verdict, and imposing sentence. The appeal brings up for review the denial, after a hearing (Bruce M. Balter, J.), of that branch of the defendant's omnibus motion which was to **suppress** physical evidence.

ORDERED that the judgment is affirmed.

The defendant was a passenger in a car that was stopped for a traffic violation. When one of the officers effectuating the stop approached the passenger side of the car where the defendant was sitting, the officer saw the defendant quickly move his hand from his right shoulder to his left hip area. The officer also saw that the defendant was breathing heavily and not making eye

contact, and that the defendant had an oddly wrapped package on his lap. Fearing for his and his fellow officers' safety, the officer held the defendant's hands as he ordered the defendant out of the car. As the defendant stepped out, the package that had been on his lap fell to the ground, exposing the butt end of a gun. The defendant was then arrested, and a gun and ammunition were seized from the package. The defendant moved, inter alia, to **suppress** the gun and ammunition on the ground that the officer violated his constitutional rights. The Supreme Court denied that branch of the omnibus motion, and the defendant was subsequently convicted, upon a jury verdict, of criminal possession of a weapon in the second degree. The defendant appeals.

*2 Contrary to the defendant's contention, the officer's actions did not violate his constitutional rights, and the Supreme Court properly denied that branch of the defendant's omnibus motion which was to **suppress** the physical evidence. Upon the lawful traffic stop of the car in which the defendant was a passenger, the officer was permitted to direct the defendant to step out of the car, regardless of whether he had any particularized suspicion that the defendant was armed or had committed a crime (*see People v. Garcia*, 20 N.Y.3d 317, 321, 959 N.Y.S.2d 464, 983 N.E.2d 259). Further, given the officer's observations of the defendant's furtive behavior while still seated in the vehicle, which included a quick arm movement in the direction of the defendant's hip area, heavy breathing, and a lack of eye contact, the officer had a sufficient and reasonable basis for a level three intrusion under *People v. De Bour*, 40 N.Y.2d 210, 386 N.Y.S.2d 375, 352 N.E.2d 562 (*see People v. Diaz*, 146 A.D.3d 803, 805, 46 N.Y.S.3d 627; *People v. Alejandro*, 142 A.D.3d 876, 876, 38 N.Y.S.3d 146; *People v. Patron*, 141 A.D.3d 545, 545-546, 35 N.Y.S.3d 243; *People v. White*, 113 A.D.3d 532, 533, 980 N.Y.S.2d 383; *People v. Grant*, 83 A.D.3d 862, 863, 921 N.Y.S.2d 285). Holding the defendant's hands while he exited the car was a permissible and minimally intrusive way to ensure the safety of all of the officers involved in the traffic stop, as it prevented the defendant from accessing the package on his lap (*cf. People v. Foster*, 85 N.Y.2d 1012, 1014, 630 N.Y.S.2d 968, 654 N.E.2d 1216; *People v. Allen*, 73 N.Y.2d 378, 380, 540 N.Y.S.2d 971, 538 N.E.2d 323; *People v. White*, 113 A.D.3d at 533, 980 N.Y.S.2d 383; *People v. Campbell*, 293 A.D.2d 396, 396-397, 740 N.Y.S.2d 619).

[SCHEINKMAN](#), P.J., [DILLON](#), [HINDS-RADIX](#) and
[CHRISTOPHER](#), JJ., concur.

All Citations

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